

Teacher-oriented Source Code Similarity Detection and Visualization for Programming Assignments

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Abstract

In programming classes, instructors need to work with numerous exercise submissions to verify whether the submitted source code meets the requirements, and whether there is any unauthorized borrowing of code fragments. The checking procedure is laborious requiring much unproductive effort and time. However, ignoring instances of potential plagiarism may negatively impact learner motivation. Despite the existence of practical tools developed for software testing and similarity detection, there are still issues in developing an open-source submission assessment system that would streamline the classroom workflow. This paper describes a practical submission assessment system that reduces the time teachers spend checking the solutions submitted by students.

Keywords: programming instruction, source code similarity, classroom workflow automation, similarity visualization.

1 Introduction

Educational institutions responded to societal lock-downs in 2020-22 with a significant increase in the use of digital and online teaching and learning platforms. Naturally, programming and software development-related classes are no exception in this extensive transformation of teaching practices involving using learning management systems (LMS) such as Moodle, online meeting tools, testing frameworks, version control, and bug tracking systems. What makes this transformation challenging specifically for software education is that software-related classes require many activities which involve high degrees of interactivity and collaboration [1][2].

Even when checking students' submissions using submission management automation provided by Moodle, much time is still spent on source code testing and similarity detection. Some available plagiarism detection tools (such as JPlag [3], MOSS [4], or Plaggie [5]) are very helpful but still require class instructor to complete a lot of manual operations.

Figure 1 displays the major use cases of a source code-based submission assessment process, which helped us to identify the features needed for a practical system. Although

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